BY J. L. PENNINGTON.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The following are the only terms of subscription to THE DAILY PROGRESS:

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THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. IV. RALEIGH, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 14, 1863. NO. 269.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS FOR THE PRESS ASSOCIATION.]

Entered according to act of Congress, in the year 1863, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Confederate States of the Northern District of Georgia.

From Lee's Army.

GORDONSVILLE, Oct. 13.—A small force of our cavalry engaged Kilpatrick yesterday evening near Culpeper C. H., and our forces were driven back within a mile of the Court House, where we were reinforced and pushed the enemy beyond Brandy Station. Another body of our cavalry surrounded a portion of Kilpatrick's command on Sunday in the rear of Brandy Station, taking nearly three hundred prisoners.

Fourteen more prisoners were captured by our cavalry in a skirmish with Buford yesterday. These, with others picked up and captured between Robinson River and Brandy, amounting to three hundred and eighty, mostly cavalry, were brought here to-day. They were from over eighty different Regiments. Dr. John A. Nelson and Lt. Lomax Taylor of the 2d Va. cavalry were killed in a skirmish at Raccoon Ford last Sunday. Rappahannock Bridge reported burned by Yankees last evening.

British Consuls to Leave the Confederacy—The Yankees Retreating and our Forces in Pursuit, &c.

RICHMOND, Oct. 13.—In consequence of the action of the British Consuls relative to foreigners enlisted in the Confederate service, the President has felt it his duty to dismiss them all from the Confederacy.

A special dispatch from Orange C. H., dated 12th, says our forces hold Culpeper C. H. We have 278 prisoners, and have sent forward 136 more. General Stuart drove the rear guard across the Rappahannock last night after a severe fight of three hours at Brandy Station. Our loss about seventy-five. We are pursuing the enemy.

From Charleston.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 12.—The firing to-day has been slower. A fifteen inch shell, near General Ripley's headquarters, was exploded by some boys to-day, killing two negroes and two boys and wounding others.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

CHARLESTON, Oct. 13.—The firing continues slowly this morning.

Some interesting information is derived from the two prisoners captured Saturday night. They state that Batteries Gregg and Wagner will be ready to open upon the city in two weeks; that Gilmer is mounting many three hundred-pounder Parrott guns; that a new four gun battery has been constructed between Gregg and Wagner; that Parrott, the inventor of the Parrott guns is on Morris Island supervising the mounting of guns; and that Greek fire consists of oakum soaked with a mixture of ether and guano. They say the huge iron-clad frigate *Dictator*, with three additional monitors, is daily expected from New York.

The two men missing from our recent expedition to blow up the *Ironsides*—Lieut. Glasset and the fireman, Sullivan—are prisoners, having been picked up by the [illegible]. They report our fire from James Island as very effective and annoying.

Destruction of a Steamer—Frightful Loss of Life.

MOBILE, Oct. 12.—The steamer *Mary Wilson*, connecting with the Mobile and Great Northern Railroad, was burned on Sunday. About seventy-two lives were lost.—The mails, freight and steamboat a total loss. Post Master Bowers notifies parties that mail matter from the Mobile office from 10 A. M. Saturday to 10 A. M. Sunday, is a total loss.

Arrival of Prisoners—Battle Imminent—From East Tennessee, &c.

RICHMOND, Oct. 13.—The Central train brought down 185 prisoners, captured on Robinson River, near Brandy Station.

News from Northern Virginia is now looked for with much interest as a battle is still deemed imminent.

Lynchburg *Republican* mentions a report of a reverse to General Williams in East Tennessee, near Jonesboro'. A bill to reorganize the State forces passed the house of delegsate to-day.

FROM BELOW.—We saw an intelligent officer just up from the picket lines below Kinston, on yesterday. The force at Newbern is small, and no offensive demonstrations are expected from the enemy.

Capt. White's company, of Whitford's Battalion, had a skirmish with a small party of the enemy near Washington, a few days ago, in which five of the Yankees were taken prisoners and several horses killed. A much larger force came to the rescue and Capt. White's men retired.

A number of persons who went down to Newbern by flag of truce, last week, were notified before they entered the lines of the enemy that under no circumstances would they be allowed to return. We hardly think that we shall want to receive back those who voluntarily leave us.

GAMBLING IN RICHMOND.—The Senate of the Virginia Legislature has passed a bill to suppress gambling, and the *Enquirer* states the bill will go through the House of Delegates. That paper says:

The Senate bill to suppress gambling passed the Senate on Saturday, with but four dissenting votes. The bill as it passed the Senate will be found in to-day's "Enquirer." The bill is a good one, and in the place of a better, which would have whipped the wretches may do much good. The bill has yet to pass the House of Delegates, but we have no fears that it will not pass, unless the gamblers are able to exert influence enough to prevent the bill being reached before adjournment. We hope some gentleman will call up the bill, and let the public see whether there is any truth in the shameful rumors that members have been retained by the gambles to prevent its passage. We do not, cannot credit any such rumor—We are unwilling to believe that any representative of the people of Virginia will fail to meet this great evil or permit the session to pass without action upon this Senate bill.

It may not be known that there is said to be a gambling house in Richmond divided into the House of Lords and the House of Commons. Into the former only invited guest are admitted—men known to have the handling of large sums of money—such as quartermasters, commissaries, the clerks of large mercantile establishments, planters, &c., &c. These Lords of the Brass Key admit themselves by a particular door, which moves only to the *open sesame* of some man whose official position is one of great pecuniary responsibility. The House of Commons is for a larger but not so select body—members of Congress and Legislature, officers and privates of the army and navy, men generally of reduced means.

The entertainments in these two chambers differ as much as the pecuniary respectability of their guests demands. The House of Lords spreads all the luxuries and dainties that can tempt the palate of the most fastidious thief that ever stole money from his employers. Here are to be found the wines of Bergundy and France, the fruits of the Tropics, all the expensive dishes of a Paris restaurant. For the House of Lords the precarious trade of the blockade incurs all its dangers, sure of finding remuneration and profits. In the House of Commons, Confederate dishes and liquors are spread, but the most excellent of these kinds are there to be enjoyed—even amidst all the apparent waste of money there is a degree of economy practiced worthy of better employments. The refuse dishes of the Lords are spread the next day for the Commons, and it is no uncommon spectacle to see a member of Congress or Legislature, or other gentlemen, regaling himself upon the cast off dish which a quartermaster or commissay refused the day before.

In such times as the present the people of Virginia have no use for the Houses of Lords and Commons—the Senate and House of Delegates are all the State wants. We believe that whipping is the most efficacious punishment, and we would inflict it on both sides of the table—but we are not wedded to our opinions, and readily support the Senate bill. We hope the House of Delegates, will pass the bill immediately.

SAVING THE TENTH.—The Staunton *Vindicator* relates a story of a farmer near that town, who being desirous of paying the Government the tenth of some oats he was then hauling in, told his servant to haul nine loads to the barn and bring the tenth load to town to the Quartermaster, as he had to pay that load to the Government. Upon returning to his place a few days after, he inquired of the boy if he had delivered the tenth load to the Quartermaster?—"No, mass," said the trusty fellow, with the air of a man who had accomplished a great feat, "the Government don't git nufin—for dar war'nt no tenf load. I done cram it all in nine!"

CITY MARKET.

RALEIGH, Oct. 9.

APPLES—Green, none	$8
Dried	$8@10
BACON—Hog round	$2 00
BEEF	65@70c
BEESWAX	$2 50
BEANS	$5
BUTTER	$2 00
CANDLES—Tallow	$3
" Wax—By the box	$3
" Adamantine	$5
" Sperm	$6
CORN—per Barrel, very scarce	$40
CHICKENS	$2
COFFEE	$6
DUCKS	$2
EGGS	$1
FLOUR—Family	$70
Superfine	$60
Fine	$40
FODDER—Per hundred	$7
FEATHERS	$5
FLAXSEED	$3
GEESE	None.
" Green	50c
HAY—Per hundred	$4
LARD	$1 75
MOLASSES	$12 75
MEAL	$8
NAILS—Scarce	$1 50
OATS—Per hundred	$5
" Cleaned	$4 bu
PORK	$60 per hundred.
POTATOES—Sweet	$4
" Irish	$4@5
PEAS—Ground	$10
" Stock	$7
" White Table	$7
RAGS	10@12c
RICE	40c
RYE	$4
SALT	$25 00
SUGAR—Brown	$3 00
" Coffee	$5 50
" Loaf	None.
TALLOW	$2 00
WHEAT	$12

Farmers and others must remember that the prices of many articles in the above list fluctuate nearly every day in proportion to their abundance or scarcity in market.

STRAYED OR STOLEN,

FROM MY STABLE, IN THIS CITY, ON SUNday night the 11th instant, a bay mare MULE. She has a scar on the front right ankle; no other marks remembered. Some eight to ten years old. A liberal reward will be paid for her delivery to me in Raleigh.
Oct 13-5t* W. D. WILLIAMS.

HIDES, SKINS, &C.

I WISH TO PURCHASE $20,000 WORTH OF GOOD dry HIDES. I will pay the highest market price for Beef Hides, Horse Hides, Dog Skins, Goat Skins, Sheep Skins, and all kinds of skins that will make leather.
Oct 8-1w* FRANK I. WILSON, Raleigh, N. C.

NOTICE.

HAVING QUALIFIED AT THE PRESENT TERM of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Lenoir county as Administrator on the estate of Henry S. Blackwell, deceased, late of Newbern, all creditors of the estate are invited to present claims for payment and all persons owing the estate to make payment to me at Graham, Alamace county, N. C.
Sept 28-1m THOMAS J. MITCHELL, Administrator Graham, N. C.

TEACHER WANTED.

A LIBERAL SALARY AND BOARD IS OFFERED for a competent gentleman to teach six or seven children, the oldest of whom is a boy of 14 years. Apply to
Oct 8-1w* COL. JOHN F. SAUNDERS, Smithfield, Johnston Co.

BRITTON'S BLUE-BLACK WRITING FLUID,

MANUFACTURED BY J. E. BRITTON, CHARlotte, N. C. A superior article. Southern Manufacture. Try it. All bottles warranted.

I am manufacturing an article of Writing Ink, equay if not superior, to any Inks manufactured North. Ever, person who has tried this Ink speaks well of its quality. It has a blue-black color, and flows freely from the pen.

It can be had either wholesale or retail by addressing the subscriber.

For thirteen years, writing done with Ink manufactured from this recipe has been exposed to the sun and air, and is as fast in color, and as good now as when first written with. Orders solicited, and all promptly filled. Address. J. E. BRITTON, Charlotte, Mecklenburg Co., N. C.

The following recommendation of the superior quality of the ink is given by the gentleman whose name is annexed. He has used the ink and can speak for its good qualities:

CHARLOTTE, June 3, 1863.

Mr. J. E. Britton:—Dear Sir: I have tried your very excellent Writing Fluid, and can truly say that it is superior to any Ink that I have ever seen manufactured in the South. It is equal if not far better, than any Writing Ink made at the North. Every one who will try this Ink can be sure of getting an excellent article.
C. OVERMAN, P. M., Charlotte, N. C.
July 8-tf

MILITARY NOTICES.

Office Medical Director,
GENERAL HOSPITALS N. C.,
Raleigh, October 9th, 1863.

SURGEONS IN CHARGE OF HOSPITALS WILL not permit any Steward or Agent to purchase Hospital supplies, except for cash, or on the written order of the Surgeon. Accounts incurred, in disregard of these instructions, will not be recognized.

By order of the Surgeon General:

P. E. HINES,
Oct 10-2aw1m Medical Director.

Surgeon General's Office,
RALEIGH, Oct. 8th, 1863.

MEDICAL EXAMINING BOARD, NO. 2. COMPOSed of the following named Medical Officers:
Surgeon EUGENE GRISSOM,
Surgeon RICHARD B. HAYWOOD,
will meet at the town of Smithfield, in Johnston County, on Monday, the 19th of October.
Kinston, in Lenoir, Wednesday, the 21st.
Kenansville, Duplin, on Friday and Saturday, the 23d and 24th.
Clinton, in Sampson, on Monday and Tuesday, the 26th and 27th.
Wilmington, in New Hanover, on Thursday and Friday, the 29th and 30th of October,
for the purpose of examining all persons who claim exemption from Home Guard duty on account of physical disability, according to the provisions of General Order No. 3, issued from the Adjutant General's office.
EDWARD WARREN,
Oct 9-t30 Surgeon General.

Headquarters, Raleigh, N. C.,
October 8th, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 1.

I. In obedience to Special Order, No. 23, Headquarters Department of N. C., Paragraph II, the undersigned assumes Command of this Post.

II. It is made the duty of all Officers who remain in the city over 24 hours to report to tt is office, and men on arriving who intend to remain to obtain pass from Provost Marshal.

III. Officers who are improperly absent from their commands will be reported at once to their Commanding Officers. The men will be arrested and sent to their commands.

IV. In order to avoid unpleasant detention and arrest, citizens upon arriving here will furnish evidence of their exemption from military service to the Provost Marshal.
[Signed] PETER MALLETT,
Oct 8-1m Col. Com'd'g Post.

Executive Department North Carolina,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Raleigh, Sept. 11, 1863.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 3.

I. The Commanding Officers of Battalions of Home Guards are charged with the apprehension of deserters and recusant conscripts in their respective counties. For tois purpose they will call out for local and temporary service, such portions of their Battalions as they may deem necessary. The Deserters and Conscripts will be taken to the nearest Conscript Camp.

The Commanding Officers of North Carolina Militia will continue to comply with General Order, No. 5, dated May 9, 1863, until the Home Guards are fully organized in their respective Counties.

II. Boards for Examination of persons claiming exemption from Home Guard duty, because of physical disability, will immediately visit all the Counties in which the "Home Guards" have been or may hereafter be organized.

The following classes of persons will be ezamined:

1st, All who have been exempted previous to the 15th of July, 1863.

2d, All who have been examined subsequent to the 1st September, 1863.

3d, All who may be presented by the Surgeon, or commander of the Regiment, or Battalion of Home Guards, to which the individual belongs.

[illegible] peals may be taken to the Surgeon General, with the consent of the Examining Board.

After a visit has been made to a County by an examining Board, the commander of its Home Guards will not recognize the validity of exemptions issued from this office previous to the 15th of July, or subsequent to 1st September, 1863, unless approved by the Board.

Due notice will be given by the senior member of the Board to the Commander of the Battalion of an intended visit, in order that those having certificates, or desirous of being examined, may have an opportunity of appearing before the Board.

By order of Governor VANCE,
R. C. GATLIN,
Sept. 14-1m Adjutant General.

Executive Department North Carolina,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Raleigh, Sept. 12th, 1863.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 10.

I. SURGEON E. A. CRUDUP AND HENRY JOYNER are hereby appointed a Board for the examination of persons claiming exemption from Home Guard duty on account of physical disability. After due notice to the Commanders of the several Battalions of the Home Guards for the following named counties in accordance with General Orders No. 3, this Board will visit the counties of Franklin, Nash, Pitt, Wake, Warren, Cumberland, Harnett, Robeson, Northampton, Bertie and Johnston.

II. Surgeons Eugene Grissom and Richard B. Haywood are hereby appointed a Board for the examination of persons claiming exemption from Home Guard duty on account of physical disability. After due notice to the Commanders of the several Battalions of Home Guards of the following named counties in accordance with General Orders No. 3, this Board will visit the counties of Halifax, Edgecombe, Wayne, Wilson, Duplin, New Hanover, Sampson, Lenoir and Greene.

III. After the Examining Board have visited the several counties above named, and completed their labors, they will report in person to the Surgeon General for further orders.

By order of Gov. VANCE:
R. C. GATLIN,
Sept. 14-1m Adjutant General.

Surgeon General's Office,
RALEIGH, Sept. 27, 1863

MEDICAL EXAMINING BOARD NO. 1, COMPOSed of the following named Medical Officers,
Surgeon E. A. CRUDUP,
Surgeon HENRY JOYNER,
will meet at the town of Warrenton, in Warren county, on Monday, the 5th of October; at Jackson, in Northampton county, on Wednesday, the 7th; at Windsor, in Bertie county, on Friday, the 9th; at Tarboro, in Edgecombe county, on Monday, the 12th; at Nashville, in Nash county, on Wednesday, the 14th; at Louisburg, in Franklin county, on Saturday, the 17th; at Summerville, in Harnett county, on Wednesday, the 21st; at Fayetteville, in Cumberland county, on Friday and Saturday, 23d and 24th; at Lumberton, in Robeson county, on Monday, the 26th, and at Raleigh, in Wake county, on Thursday, the 29th of October, for the purpose of examining all persons who claim exemption from Home Guard duty on account of physical disability, according to the provisions of General Order No. 3, issued from the Adjutant General's office.
EDWARD WARREN,
Sept 26-t26o Surgeon General.

GAS.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE Raleigh Gas Light Company will be held in the Court House on Thursday 15th instant at 4½ o'clock, P. M. It is earnestly desired that every stockholder should be present, as a failure to get a quorum, as has been the case on previous occasions, will subject the citizens of Raleigh to a stoppage of gas—the lease of the works being about to expire.

By order of the President:
W. E. ANDERSON,
Oct 2-td Sec'y and Treasurer.

LAND WANTED.

A REFUGEE WANTS TO PURCHASE A SMALL piece of Land near Raleigh. Apply to the Editor of the Progress.
July 31-tf

WANTED.

COUPONS OF THE OLD NORTH CAROLINA Sixes, for which the highest market price will be paid. Apply to W. R. RICHARDSON & Co.
Aug 25-tf

AUCTION AND PRIVATE SALES.

PRINTING OFFICE FOR SALE.

ONE OF THE BEST PRINTING ESTBLISHMENTS in the State, consisting of a No. 4 Washington Press complete; an Empire Job Press, capable of making 1,500 impressions per hour; 250 pounds Long Primer; 300 pounds Brevier, and sixty pounds Nonpareil, together with some 50 Fonts of Newspaper and Job Type; a fine Imposing Stone; 4 double Stands with racks; Standing Galleys, Slide Galleys, Wood and Brass Galleys, Imposing and Job Sticks, Chases, Furniture, &c.—in fact a complete office, nearly new, having been in operation only a few months previous to the breaking out of the war, and has not been in use since then, can be purchased cheap by early application to JOHN NICHOLS,
Oct 13-tf Raleigh, N. C.

COTTON FOR SALE.

I OFFER FOR SALE SIXTY-THREE BALES COTton, stored at Raleigh, N. C. Apply to
P. HENNEBERRY,
Oct 13-10t* Windsor, N. C.

FOR SALE.

50 SHARES N. C. R. R. STOCK.
Apply to D. P. WEIR,
Oct 8 6t* Greensboro', N. C.

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

CONSISTING OF A TWO STORY HOUSE, GOOD Kitchen and other necessary out-houses, large Garden, spacious Oak Grove and large Field, the whole covering about five acres well cultivated ground—a fine location. The house is nearly new and in good repair.—Possession given on the 1st November. Apply to
L. W. PECK,
Oct 1-20t* Raleigh, N. C.

IMPORTANT SALE OF LAND AND SLAVES.

ON MONDAY THE 16TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1863, at the Court House door in the city of Raleigh, as executor of the late Mrs. Grizzy Seawell and agent of Miss Elizabeth Hinton, I will sell to the highest bidder the valuable lot of land on Newbern street in said city, containing about 30 acres, on which Mrs. Seawell resided at her death.

Also at the same time and place will be sold 12 or 15 slaves, mostly young and likely, among them a valuable Carpenter.

Terms one and two years credit or cash if preferred.
RICHARD B. SEAWELL,
Oct 1-2awtd Executor and Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

WILL BE SOLD, IF APPLICATION BE MADE soon, a good and desirable residence in the city, about 150 yards South of the Governor's Palace, on Fayetteville street. For terms, &c., apply to
July 16-tf W. R. RICHARDSON.

RICE FOR SALE.

THE STATE WILL SELL RICE BY THE CASK. Apply to C. H. Thompson, M. S. K. Commissary Department. THOS. D. HOGG,
July 4-tf Captain C. S.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONFEDERATE TAXES DUE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS interested that I will attend at the following times and places, for the purpose of receiving the Confederate Taxes, viz:

At Busbee's on Monday the 9th of November next.
At Hood's Tuesday the 10th day of November next.
At Wakefield, Wednesday the 11th day of November next.
At Rolesville, Thursday the 12th day of November next.
At Dunnsville, Saturday, 14th day of November next.
At Raleigh, from Monday the 16th to Saturday the 21st of November next.
At Banks', Monday the 23d day of November next.
At Barney Jones', Tuesday the 24th day of November next.
At Lashley's Cross Roads, Wednesday the 25th day of November next.
At Green Level, Thursday the 26th day of November next.
At Morrisville, Friday the 27th day of November next.
At Laws', Monday the 30th day of November next.
At Oak Grove, Tuesday the 1st of December next.
At G. W. Thompson's, Wednesday the 2nd day of December next.

The list will be open for examination at my office from the 5th to the 20th of October, during which time appeals may be taken in writing, presenting the particular matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and the ground or principle of inequality or error. All appeals will be received, heard and determined at the same place from the 20th to the 30th of October. Persons neglecting to pay at the times and places appointed, will be liable to pay ten per cent. additional upon the amount of their taxes.

The assessors will also attend at the times and places of receiving the taxes, for the purpose of receiving returns of all agricultural productions taxed in kind, which will be ready for market at the time, viz: Sweet Potatoes, Irish Potatoes, Corn, Wheat, Oats, Rye, Buckwheat, Rice, cured Hay and Fodder, Sugar, Molasses made of cane, Cotton, Tobacco, Peas, Beans, and Ground-peas.

Returns will also be received of the value of all neat Cattle, Horses, Mules, not used in cultivation, and Asses owned by each person on the first of November next. Also the value of all Beeves sold since the 24th April last to the 1st November next.

RUFUS H. PAGE,
Oct 10-10t Collector for Wake County.

CARPENTERS AND BRICK MASONS WANTED.

WE WISH TO HIRE A FOREMAN TO SUPERINtend the Carpenters Work, and another the Brick Work, of the Greensboro Female College. Also Carpenters and Brick Layers to work under them.

Apply soon to us at Greensboro, N. C.
T. M. JONES,
WM. BARRINGER,
C. P. MENDENHALL,
J. M. GARRETT,
N. H. D. WILSON,
Oct 12-5t* Building Committee.

TO THE LEGATEES OF ELIZABETH BLAKE, DECEASED.

THE LEGATEES OF ELIZABETH BLAKE, DEceased, are hereby notified that as Executor to the will of deceased, I am ready to pay over the amount bequeathed to each, and they are hereby notified to come forward and receive it, the two years allowed by law for settling up the estate having expired.

WILLIAMSON PAGE,
Executor to the will of Elizabeth Blake, dec'd.
Sept 21-1m*

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

SEVERAL *GOOD* BOOT AND SHOE MAKERS.—Constant employment and the highest wages will be paid. Apply to R. H. ROUNDTREE.
Oct 5-tf

THE COPARTNERSHIP

KNOWN AS GEO. BISHOP & Co., HILLSBORO', is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the firm are requested to call and settle.—Those having claims will please present them for payment.
GEO. BISHOP,
Aug 21-tf F. J. GARDNER.

SURGERY FOR FIELD AND HOSPITAL.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO SUPPLY MY WORK on Surgery, to subscribers and others who may wish to purchase it.

On the receipt of $5,00, the book will be sent by mail, postage paid. EDWARD WARREN, M. D.
Aug 21-tf Raleigh, N. C.

GOODS! GOODS! AT KITTRELL'S DEPOT.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS, INcluding Flannels, Calicoes, Bleached Cotton, &c., &c., &c. Also an elegant lot of Crockery.
Oct 12-1m

ADVERTISING RATES.

The following rates will be charged for all advertisements inserted in the DAILY PROGRESS:

ONE SQUARE OF EIGHT LINES, OR LESS:

One day	$1 00	One week	$ 6 00
Two days	2 00	Two weeks	12 00
Three days	3 00	Three weeks	18 00
Four days	4 00	One month	24 00
Five days	5 00	Two months	48 00

Fifty words, or eight lines or less count a square, and additional squares will be charged the same.

Cash will be demanded from all persons, and no contracts will be open save in accordance with these terms. When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement. Marriages, deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid in advance.

REWARDS.

$100 REWARD.

RAN AWAY FROM MY PLACE IN SURRY COUNty, on the 8th of August, a negro boy, name ISAAC, dark copper color, about 5 feet 5 inches high, square built and about 23 years old, and weighs 180 lbs. The boy was raised by John Van, in Sampson county; and will no doubt attempt to make his way to the enemy's lines. The above reward will be paid for the delivery of said boy Isaac to me, in Surry county, or confinement in any jail so I can get him.

My post office is Tom's Creek, Surry county, N. C.
Sept. 19 1m* MARTIN HIATT.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JAMES MARTIN, vs. RICHARD B. PARKER,

ADMINISTRATOR OF THOMAS MARTIN AND others. Petition for distribution of the personal estate of Thomas Martin. James Martin and others vs. the heirs of Thomas Martin. Petition for sale and partition of real estate of Thomas Martin.

The bills set forth that in August, 1862, Thomas Martin, of Halifax county, N. C., died intestate and without issue, aged about ninety years, leaving real and personal estate, which devolved on his heirs and distributees who are his collateral kindred; that William Martin, the ancestor of the intestate, died in said county of Halifax about sixty years ago and left twelve children, to wit: William, Jr., Peggy, Bartholomew, Jesse, Mary Ann, Catherine, John, Lucy, Thomas, (the intestate,) Ambrose, Betsy and James, (the plaintiff:) That all of them died before the intestate except said James; that of the others the descendants of the said William, Jr., are Henry Martin, of the county of Warren, and the issue of John his brother, who died domiciled in Louisiana in 1858, that said Peggy married one Thomas Kelly, whose issue and descendants are the plaintiffs, Mary Carter, Martha Kelly, Peggy, wife of John A. Walker, of Halifax county, and the defendant William Kelly, of Tennessee, that Mary Ann, only descendant now living, is the plaintiff Mary Kelly, that Bartholomew, Jesse and John married and removed from the State to Virginia or Tennessee, but whether they had issue is not known; that Catharine, Lucy, Ambrose and Betsy died without issue. The bills seek a distribution of the personal estate and partition and sale of the real estate, and a discovery of the heirs and distributees, and allege that no information has been received of the descendants of said Bartholomew, Jesse and John or their issue within twenty years, and demand that if any of them be alive they discover themselves. Also, that all non-resident defendants make themselves parties, or a decree *pro confesso* will be taken against them and the causes be heard *ex parte* as to them.
Sept. 21-1m

NORTH CAROLINA,
GRANVILLE COUNTY.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, August Term, 1863:

Thomas Pleasants and Wife and others, vs. John Falkner and Thomas Edwards, } Petition to sell land for partition.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that John Falkner and Thomas Edwards, the defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State, it is therefore, on motion, ordered by the Court, that publication be made for six weeks successively in the Raleigh Progress, notifying the said defendants of the filing of this petition, and that unless they appear at the next term of this Court and answer the petition, the same will be taken *pro confesso* and heard *ex parte* as to them.

Witness, Augustine Landis, Clerk of said Court, at office in Oxford, the first Monday of August, 1863.
Setp 18-1aw6t A. LANDIS, C. C. C.

EXPRESS NOTICE.

OFFICE SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY,
Raleigh, Sept. 25, 1863.

IN ORDER TO AVOID MISUNDERSTANDING AND the Company's [illegible] to the liability assumed, tober 1st, 1863, shippers will be required to place their valuation upon each package before it will be received. Such value will be inserted in the Company's receipt and establish the liability of the Company for the amount, the act of God and the public enemy only excepted.
Sept 26-4w A. P. C. BRYAN, Agent.

COTTON YARNS, COTTON YARNS.

WE WILL EXCHANGE COTTON YARNS FOR Wax, Tallow or Lard, either in large or small quantities. Fair exchange made at the Graham Candle Factory. KLAPP & BERRY,
Oct 7-1m Graham, N. C.

NOTICE.

HAVING, AT AUGUST SESSION OF WAKE County Court, taken out Letters of Administration upon the estate of the late Emma E. Hunter, I will sell at public Auction, at Spring Hill, near Raleigh, on Saturday the 17th inst., the property of the said deceased, consisting of Horses, Mules, Hogs, &c., &c. Immediately thereafter, on the same day, in the City of Raleigh, I will sell all her Household and Kitchen Furniture. The sale at Spring Hill will begin at 11 o'clock, a. m.

Terms made known on day of sale.
SION H. ROGERS,
Oct 9-td Administrator.

LARD, TALLOW AND WAX WANTED

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES WILL BE PAID FOR either of the above articles, either in large or small quantities, at the Candle Factory, in Graham, N. C. All those that have will please to address
KLAPP & BERRY,
Oct 5-1m Graham, N. C.

WANTED.

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS or NORTH Carolina eight and six per cent. bonds, new issue, for which the highest market price will be paid. Apply to W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.
Aug 4-tf

NOTICE!!

THE FIRM HERETOFORE KNOWN UNDER THE appellation of Lack & Farriss, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due the firm, and all to whom the concern is indebted, will please settle and present their claims to C. M. Farriss, by whom the business will in future be conducted.

C. M. Farriss tenders his acknowledgements to the patrons of the old firm for their liberality and punctuality, and respectfully requests a continuance of the same under his auspices. CHAS. M. FARRISS.
Sept 8-tf

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

STOCK & MONEY BROKERS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

CONTINUE TO CARRY ON THE BROKERAGE BUSiness at their old stand as heretofore, in all its various branches. June 25-6m

NORTH STATE CIGAR FACTORY.

H. J. B. CLARK, PROPRIETOR,
GRAHAM, N. C.

TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND CIGARS, SOME very fine.

Twenty-five thousand lbs. celebrated "Stonewall" Smoking Tobacco; in lots to suit purchasers.

Orders solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.
July 25-3m.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT

WITH AN EXPERIENCE OF MORE THAN FORTY years, the undersigned does not flatter himself, but is flattered by his customers, and will receive and sell Auction, or on Commission, everything entrusted to care. FRANK I. WILSON,
May 14-tf Auctioneer.
Standard copy.

WANTED.

A FIRST RATE SQUIRREL DOG, FOR WHICH A good price will be paid. Apply to
Oct 9-5t W. R. RICHARDSON.

W. R RICHARDSON & CO.,
STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,
June 2-tf RALEIGH N. C.

DAILY PROGRESS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 14, 1863.

OUR ONLY TERMS.

The following are our only terms of subscription for the PROGRESS:

Daily Progress	One year - - -	$10 00
" "	Six months - -	5 00
" "	Three months - -	4 00
" "	Two months - -	3 00
" "	One month - -	1 50

The paper will be stopped in all cases when the time paid for expires, and those who do not wish to be without the paper must look to this and renew in time.

Agents and newsdealers will be furnished at $5 per hundred copies.

We publish nothing but a Daily Edition and enter none but daily subscribers on our mail books.

☞ **To Advertisers.**—No contracts will be made for advertising outside of our published terms, and parties wishing to advertise in the PROGRESS should send their advertisements directly to us instead of requesting us to copy from other papers, some of which we never see. All advertisements hereafter inserted will be charged according to revised terms at head of paper. Marriages, deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid in advance. All advertisements inserted once, twice or three times a week will be charged $2 a square for each insertion.

☞ **How to Send us Money.**—Never send by mail when you can send by Express. All money sent by Express at our expense. Those sending us money by mail must do so at their own risk.

☞ **Any of our friends receiving important** news from the army by private letter or telegrams, will confer a great favor on us by sending or leaving them at this office for our use.

☞ **Rags Advanced.**—We will pay 12½ cents a pound for all the clean Cotton rags delivered at the Progress office.

☞ **Job Printing.**—Having an abundance of material and good workmen we are prepared to execute all orders for JOB PRINTING with dispatch.

The Wilmington *Journal* has just seen a man, a "stranger in black," we suppose, from the enemy's lines, who was brim full of cock and bull stories of rumors and reports of "disaffection" and "treason" in North Carolina and the causes thereof. Does the *Journal* remember Halleck, the spy? He came through the lines on a mission to assist in our destruction, he spouted fire, retailed secession and talked "last man and last dollar" stuff in the beer saloons, and expressed himself very decidedly of the opinion that all conservative papers ought to be suppressed and all men who talked or thought of peace, hung. Was Halleck the forerunner, the John the Baptist who was to prepare the way and announce the coming of the "exile" with whom the Editor of the *Journal* has had an interview? And is the "mesiah" a greater light in treason than "John," who foretold his coming?

Will our people never learn sense? Are there those among us who will always continue to seize hold of, caress and pet every spy that comes into our lines from Lincoln's dominions. The *originals* throughout the Confederacy, wherever Halleck appeared, were particularly well pleased with him, because he came charged with the same infamous falsehoods that the "exile" from "Lincoln's dominions" has poured into the ears of the *Journal*.

It will be well remembered by those who do not want to bear false witness against their neighbors that correspondents of the Northern papers, writing from Newbern, have told the people of the North that there was no Union sentiment in North Carolina [illegible] the State over which their bayonets have control, and yet the Wilmington *Journal*, the Richmond *Enquirer* and other *Southern* papers pick up the stories of Yankee spies and deserters with which they impress the world that there is a tory party in North Carolina, and that it is headed by leading, influential men. We do not believe that any such impression exists at the North, but if we are mistaken and our enemies suppose that we are ready to receive the yoke, those papers and demagogues, here at home, who have proclaimed a majority of the people "traitors" and "tories" because they dared differ with them, are responsible for it.

Not a Yankee comes into our lines from the North but comes spouting blood and thunder. He is intensely "sound" and we are all too tame in our devotion to the South for him. He sputters about for a while, and, becoming disgusted with our "Union" proclivities, goes back to the North, charged with another pack of lies, which he generally publishes, letting the world know how badly we are "demoralized," how near we are "exhausted," &c. Beware of Northern men with Southern principles, for nine tenths of those who come into our lines from the North and profess to be so intensely Southern in their feelings, are spies.

It is very evident that the *Journal's* remarks are entirely selfish, that they were not intended to benefit our cause, or injure the enemy, but to punish political opponents.

"Exiles" from the North, like those few cowardly wretches who run the blockake and exile themselves from the South, run away to keep from fighting, and are always either the paid spies of their masters or skulkers from duty.

Wonder when another "gentleman in black," or Northern man with Southern principles will come into our lines? He will find enough toadies ready to pick him up and show him round.

CAPT. WM. A. GRAHAM, JR.—We learn that Capt. William A. Graham, Jr. Company K, 2nd N. C. Cavalry Regiment, has been appointed Assistant Adjutant General of this State, and has accepted the appointment.

Capt. G. is a son of Hon. William A. Graham, has been in service ever since the commencement of hostilities and leaves four brothers in the field, viz: Major John W. Graham, 56 Regiment; Capt. Joseph Graham, Light Battery "C," 10th Regiment; Capt. Robert D. Graham, 56th Regiment; and 1st. Lieutenant Jas. A. Graham, 27 Regiment N. C. Troops.—*Ral. Progress.*

Captain Graham was wounded at Gettysburg.

Five sons imperiling their lives in the war and on all occasions demanding words or actions to attest his devotion to the Confederate cause, found ready, and yet!—yes, yet!—there are persons in North Carolina who affect to doubt, or fear, that WM. A. GRAHAM is not right! There can be no better proof that these doubters are themselves wrong—wrong somehow, and they ought to try to get right. And they ought to repent their error and pray to be delivered from a doubting mind and a hasty spirit.—*Salisbury Watchman.*

Yes, and who is it that has dared to whisper treason against this great and good man, one of the purest and best that the State has ever produced? It is the miserable faction with which the *Watchman* is now acting, and which that paper and the Fayetteville *Observer* are aspiring to the leadership of. Gov. Graham acted with that large majority of our people who cast their votes for Vance for Governor, and for this he was denounced and vilified by a miserable faction in this State, and though the *Watchman* and *Observer* have sold themselves to this faction they shrink from the dirty work that is expected at their hands, and when told to attack the loyalty of such a man as WILLIAM A. GRAHAM, no wonder the hand loses its power and the pen falls from the grip. How dare the miserable wretches who were active in bringing all the misery, suffering and sorrow that now surrounds us, upon the country, or the tools that they have seduced into their meshes, assail the statesman and patriot, WILLIAM A. GRAHAM? He not right! A man who has dedicated his five sons to his country's service not right! Of course he is not right according to the teachings of the Richmond *Enquirer*, Raleigh *Register* and their allies, but in the eyes of all good men, those who love their country and whose guiding star is truth and justice, Mr. Graham ranks among the best men of the land. But the traducers of Mr. Graham are also libelers of other pure and good men of the State, and the secret of the whole matter is to be found in the fact that the people of the State having become disgusted with weakness, corruption, imbecility and arrogance thought proper to exercise the right of freemen at the ballot box and hurl from place and power the insolent faction that had monopolized the offices of State and *mis*managed its affairs. The dastards that assail the loyalty of WILLIAM A. GRAHAM would hold up Washington as a tory, were he alive; and to accomplish their own political, corrupt ends, they do not hesitate at the commission of any crime so their necks escape the halter. These men are alone to blame for all the cry of "treason" that has been raised against a portion of the people of North Carolina, and as some of them are preparing to leave the country to escape the dangers incident to our struggle for independence, we shall expect to see others crouching before the insolent invaders of our soil and imploring mercy, forgiveness and protection at their hands, should they advance farther into our State. If these men want a truce, and will let their betters alone, they can have it, but as long as they make war on the honest masses, in North Carolina, so long shall we expose their treachery and denounce their villainy.

The mechanics and others of Richmond are holding meetings and instructing their legislators on the subject of prices. This is all very well in its way, but if the people of Richmond are really hungry, a fact about which we have but little doubt, and would be filled, they must enroll the "plugs," gamblers and other "fancy men" of that place of iniquity, who are consumers and not producers, and drive the Yankees from their State. Hitherto our surplus, together with their own productions, has enabled them to live, but we are about exhausted and they will soon have to depend on themselves, and we see no way to keep the population of Virginia, and the other States, too, from starving, but by putting in the *reserves*, the skulkers that abound in Richmond and elsewhere, and driving the Yankees from the soil of the Confederacy. If the war is to continue and our independence be won, as every true man of the South desires, we must look to Pennsylvania and Ohio for rations and forage, not only for the army now in the field, but for the skulkers hanging around Richmond and [illegible] of the Confederacy. These vagrants must not starve, and if the government authorities will not put them in the army they must support them in idleness. If the State authorities will break up the gambling hells and thieving dens that abound in Richmond there will be more food for the mechanics and their families.

Public meetings, speeches and resolutions will not feed the poor of the South during the coming winter. People cannot live on wind alone, and there is nothing but wind in these bunkum demonstrations. To get meat and bread we must put men in the field and whip the Yankees.

Operations in the Rear.

The only seeming hope to get Rosecrans out of Chattanooga is to cut his line of communication with Nashville and Memphis and thus compel him to come out from his den and fight. If his Dutchmen can be induced to come out of their holes and give us battle we have but little to fear, for Bragg has whipped him once and he can do it again.

Our latest news from the North admits that our cavalry has been harrassing old *Rosey's* rear, and the following from the *Examiner* of Monday is additional evidence that their communication is not altogether free from annoyance. That paper says:

We announced some days ago that Major-General S. D. Lee with a considerable body of cavalry, was operating against the Memphis and Nashville railroads in Rosecrans' rear. Official information has been received here that Brigadier-General Chalmers, of Gen. Lee's command, had an encounter with the enemy, on Thursday, at Salem, Franklin county, Tennessee, in which the latter were badly beaten and driven off. Our loss was three killed and thirty wounded; that of the enemy more than three times as great.

Salem is midway between the railroads leading from Chattanooga to Memphis and Nashville, and some forty miles west of Chattanooga.

The fight, as we understand, occurred on Thursday, the 8th instant. The Memphis road had been tapped, and communication by it interrupted on the previous day; and on Saturday, the 10th instant, General Chalmers expected to do the same for the Nashville railroad.

We learn from a member of the 56th Regiment just from Wilkesboro, that the Headquarters of Gen. Hoke are at that place and that the force under his command are picking up many deserters. Already some three or four hundred, mostly from N. C. and Va. Regiments, but some from all the States, have been returned to duty. There are said to be but few remaining in Yadkin county. We trust it will not be long before the last one shall have been returned to his regiment and the soil of the State thus freed from the disgrace of their presence.

GEN. POLK'S DELAY.—The Savannah *Republican* is informed by a friend recently from Upper Georgia, that the reason of Gen. Polk's failure to carry out the order to renew the battle of Chickamauga at daylight, was his inability to find his aids, in order to circulate the necessary orders among his troops. His first Assistant was sent for, but could not be found; a second and third were also missing, and when he came up with the fourth, it was near 10 o'clock instead of "daylight." If this be true, the names of the delinquent officers should be held up for public condemnation. Such culpable remissness is not to be overlooked.

THE HITCH IN THE EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS.

A correspondence between Commissioners Ould and Meredith is published, in which exception is taken to the declaration of Exchange by the former declaring two divisions of the Vicksburg prisoners—a Texas regiment and Waul's legion—exchanged.—The Federal Commissioner says that, in view of that declaration, he has declared 19,429 Federal troops on parole as exchanged, which still leaves a balance in favor of the Yankees of 10,034, which balance he now claims, or that the same number of exchanged Confederates be returned to their parole. He says:

Your declaration was wholly unwarranted under the cartel, and it might with great propriety be set aside. In it you failed to announce to me the 6th section, as published in the Richmond *Enquirer*, of the 10th inst., which covers 75 officers and 8,014 enlisted men. You did not, according to the terms of the cartel, furnish me with any "list," or even give me the number of men, by which I could declare equivalents, nor did you give me any time to prepare my announcement. I here deem it incumbent upon me to state that I consider your course in this matter a deliberate breach of good faith on the part of the authorities under whom you act. The 5th article of the Cartel (General Orders No. 142, 1862,) would have authorized you to discharge prisoners of the Federal forces, furnishing a "list," of them, and then you could have discharged an equal number of your own officers and men "from parole." The Cartel not only contemplates a "mutual" exchange of "lists," (article 5,) but expressly declares (article 4) that no exchange is to be considered complete until the officer or soldier exchanged for has been actually restored to the lines to which he belongs.

As to the paroles given at Gettysburg and elsewhere, you made an agreement with my predecessor, Lieut. Col. Ludlow, to take effect from May 22d, 1863, that all paroles given not in accordance with the Cartel should be considered null and void. How, then, can you claim as valid the Gettysburg paroles?

If you have any rolls or lists of any men whom you have paroles that I have not given you credit for, or if there should be any errors in my account, I will be happy to rectify the same.

You declared exchanged, before my predecessor was relieved, certain officers captured at Vicksburg, in which declaration he refused to unite. There are but two officers, I believe, (Generals Stevenson and Bowen,) who are covered by your declaration of the 12th inst. If the other officers named have not been returned to their paroles, as requested by Lieut. Col. Ludlow, you are indebted to us for their equivalents. The chief ground of the objection to that declaration is, that at that time there were no equivalents of the same grade in our possession, (the only condition which would have warrented your making the declaration,) and if we consented to it we would be obliged to offset them by officers of inferior rank.

Commissioner Ould, in his reply, confutes the statements of the Federal Commissioner, and thus concludes:

I know not what you mean by your reference, on your third page, to art. 4 of the Cartel. All the officers and men whom I declared exchanged were "actually restored to our lines." All the officers and men whom I requested you to select as equivalents for them in the exchange "had been restored to your lines."

The parties whom I have declared exchanged have not been "returned to their paroles, as requested by Lieut. Col. Ludlow." I do not understand by what sort of reading of the exchange notice of the 12th of September you make out that only "two officers (Gens. Stevenson and Bowen)" were exchanged. My letters of July 13, September 11, and September 26 will inform you of all the Vicksburg prisoners, officers and men, whom I have declared exchanged.

Your objection to the declaration of the exchange of the general officers paroled at Vicksburg, because there were no equivalents of the same which declares that "men and officers of lower grades may be exchanged for officers of a higher grade."

I have thus answered all the items of your letter of the 24th September. I regret the extreme length of the reply. I have, however, confined myself to the matter of that letter, and to such subjects as were directly connected with its contents. In a future communication I will call to your attention the instants of the violation of the Cartel by the Federal authorities. Nothwithstanding the expression of their sudden regard for that instrument, I will show they have continued those violations from its date to the present moment.

I now inform you, in view of the recent declaration of exchange made by you, coupled with your failure either to agree to or decline the proposition made to you on the 24th of August last, in relation to paroles, that the Confederate authorities will consider themselves entirely at liberty to pursue any course as to exchange or paroles which they may deem right and proper under all the circumstances of the case. At the same time I am directed to express their entire willingness to adopt any fair, just and reciprocal rule in relation to those subjects without any delay.

Respectfully, your ob't servant,

ROBERT OULD,
Agent of Exchange.

A FIGHT IN A CHURCH.—The capture of the Captain and a portion of the crew of the U. S. gunboat Rattler, who had gone ashore at Rodney, Miss, to attend church, has been noticed. The *Mississippian* gives some further particulars of the scene:

Lieut. Allen, of Logan's command, having been informed that the crew of the gunboat at Rodney were in the habit of attending church, determined to try an experiment; dressing himself in citizen's garb he leisurely sauntered into town last Sunday, and had the pleasure of finding some twenty-two of the Yankee officers and men dressed in their best toggery, snugly seated in the quiet and unsespecting congregation. With this information he left town and soon returned in command of a squad of men; he entered the church, and apologised to the preacher for having to disturb him for a few moments, stating that he had called to demand the surrender of the United States soldiers in the congregation. Instantly the engineer of the gunboat jumped behind the door and fired on Lieut. Allen, the ball passing through his cap. Allen returned the fire and sent the engineer to his long home. A general scattering and firing ensued, resulting in killing two Yankees and wounding another, and in the capture of Capt. Ventress, of the gunboat, one Lieutenant, and fifteen men. I saw them late that night on their way to Logan's camp. This is cartainly one of the nicest little episodes of the war, and was managed with great coolness and courage, our men not receiving so much as a scratch.

Capt. Ventress, who, I am sorry to say, is a Virginian, says his father and brother are both in the Confederate army; they are from Richmond, I understand. When asked by a citizen what command they belonged to, Capt. Ventress touched his cap and replied, "To Logan's command." The Yanks bore their capture with a good deal of *nonchalance*, seeming to regard it as a good joke. Those on the gunboat seeing the affair, commenced a furious shelling over, but not upon, the town. Lieut. Allen addressed the commander a note, stating that his force belonged to the army of the Confederate States; that the people of Rodney were in no wise responsible for what his men had done, and if a solitary shell were thrown into the town he would proceed to hang his prisoners. Capt. Ventress also wrote a note requesting that no damage should be done to the town, as the whole affair was a legitimate military transaction. One old lady in the midst of the melee jumped up and shouted "glory to God;" but the way the balance of the congregation rolled around and mixed up promiscuously in the midst of the fight is said to have been rich beyond description, and certainly very excusable.

A CHRISTIAN MOTHER TO HER SONS IN THE ARMY.—We are permitted to make the following extract from a letter from a mother to her sons in the Fourth Georgia Regiment:

MADISON, FLA., ——; 1863.

I hope and trust this cruel war may cease, and we come out of the conflict a free and independent people, of which I have no doubt if we are true to ourselves and to our country.

Rumor says that Mason and Slidell have accomplished the purpose for which they were sent, and that France will recognize our Southern Confederacy, which is good news (if true.) So my brave boys cheer up, and never, no never, despond; but look ever to the dawning of a better day. "The race is not always to the swift, nor the battle to the strong."

We must put our trust in Him who was on the side of David, when he slew Goliath of the Philistines. Although our weapons may be weak, God is able to direct the blows—put our trust in Him, and in your own strong arms, remembering that the angels of the Lord encampeth around about them that fear him.'—He has shielded you, my dear sons, through many a hard fought battle. Oh, may you ever remember with gratitude His loving kindness. I am glad to see by the papers, that a revival has been going on in your division. God grant it may continue to spread, until all shall be converted to the Lord; and Satan's kingdom be crushed out. Why are not you, my dear sons, on the Lord's side, helping to overcome the great adversary? May the time soon come "when men shall learn war no more, and beat their swords into ploughshares and spears into pruning hooks"—the Scripture speaks of these days. Christians should all pray for the reign of Heaven to exist over the whole universe. I try to offer up my feeble supplications at the Throne of Grace, for my dear soldier boys. May the God of Heaven shield and protect you both, is the sincere wish of

Your affectionate

MOTHER.

A GRAND SWINDLE.—Our telegraphic despatch setting forth certain discreditable financial operations in Richmond by Mr. H. P. Livingston, was not wholly unexpected here. It was reported in town some days ago that he had decamped to parts unknown, leaving a number of our citizens with "the empty bag to hold." He is a resident of Clinch county, but where from originally is unknown; according to his own report he hailed from Mobile. He came to Georgia six or seven years ago, wholly destitute of means, commenced a small trading business, and, it is said, accumulated money. Since the commencement of the war he has operated extensively, it appears, on other people's means, in every species of speculation. He made money fast, and spent it freely on the soldiers and all other benevolent objects connected with the war. He did everything on a large scale and met with wonderful success in insinuating himself into the confidence of others.

So far as we know, there was no suspicion against him up to his departure for Richmond—a place which he visited frequently—a few weeks ago. Hearing that he had absconded, some of our good natured merchants and bankers began to cast up accounts, when they found that ten or twelve persons had been mulcted in the aggregate sum of a little upwards of four hundred and twenty thousand dollars! His operations in Richmond are given in the despatch, and there is no telling what they were elsewhere.

We looked upon Livingston as a shrewd, but clever and liberal hearted man, and we are most reluctant to regard him as a scoundrel, but the evidence is irresistible. He married a daughter of Mr. J. J. North, of Clinch county, and took his family with him. He has probably gone to Europe.—*Sav. Rep.*

FROM CHARLESTON.—The *Mercury* of the 10th, last Saturday, has the following:

The Siege—Grand Review of the Forces on James Island.—The batteries yesterday kept up a lively fire against Gregg and Wagner. The Yankees are constantly busy at both forts, but as yet their guns are silent. It was reported yesterday by one of our officers, who has an excellent opportunity of scrutinizing the movements of the enemy on Morris Island that they have just mounted a heavy Parrott gun at Cummings Point. This is believed to be the only large rifled gun that they now have in position at the extremity of the Island, although their works there are evidently intended to contain many more.

There was a grand review of the forces on James Island yesterday by General Ripley. The line was formed near Royall's, and as the General and his staff rode from end to end, the sight was one not soon to be forgotten. The troops afterwards took up the line of march, in column of companies, and passed in review. Since the war began, Charleston has not seen so splendid an array. As the long trains of artillery rumbled by, the fine appearance of the batteries and the excellent condition of the horses was the subject of general remark. These were followed by the seemingly interminable infantry. It was, indeed, a goodly scene, as brigade after brigade of the grey-clad veterans, with their bayonets glittering in the sun-light, and their stained and tattered flags fluttering in the breeze, marched on with the elastic tread of soldiers accustomed to victory.

General Ripley, at the close of the review, expressed his satisfaction at the discipline and appearance of the forces in that portion of his command.

NORTH CAROLINA CHRISTIAN CONFERENCE.—This body met at Graham, N. C., on Wednesday last and continued in session until Saturday. Rev. A. G. Anderson presided, and Rev. C. A. Apple acted as Secretary. The attendance of clerical and lay delegates was large. The following appointments were made:

Dan River District.—J N Manning, W S Long.—Tar River—J W Wellons, J M Minnis. New Hope—T J Fowler, J N Ferrell. Cape Fear—W N Bragg, B N Ausley. Middle Creek—D T Deanes. Moore—A Nelson, T G Craven. Deep River—W D Moffitt, J S Lawrence. New River.—E W Beale, A G Anderson. Shallow Ford—P W Allen. Union and Providence—E W Beale, Stokes—A Iseley.

Rev. John R. Holt was appointed Missionary to the army.

The Conference decided to make an effort to revive the *Christian Sun* and appointed Rev. W. B. Wellons Editor.

A large congregation was in attendance on Sunday and were addressed by Rev. J. R. Holt and Rev. W. B. Wellons.

CULTIVATE THE HEART.—If we wish to grow better, we must guard well our thoughts. The good book says, "Whatever is of good report, think of these things." We must not direct our thoughts to the ills and evils of life—but to the blessings and pleasures, that a benificent being has given. Think how the earth, on which you tread, is beautiful for you. How the brilliant stars twinkle for you at night. Think on these things, and say if you should murmur or complain. Yet you do complain. Human nature is too truly delineated in the history of the Israelites. They journeyed from the land of bondage to a land of wines and pomgranates—to a goodly land, and God with them to deliver them from all their troubles. Yet they suffered their thoughts to wander from their deliverance, from the good land—to which they were going—and they murmured that they had not something better to eat. Let us guard well our thoughts lest we provoke our Maker to say of us also, that we shall not enter the promised rest. Solomon says, "Keep thy heart with all diligence."

ELECTION NOTICES.

To the Voters of the Fifth Congressional District.—The emergency calls for the purest and ablest men to serve the country in her Legislative Councils. The well known character of Captain JOSEPH J. DAVIS, of Franklin, for patriotism, integrity and wisdom, plainly indicates him as the fittest man in the District to represent us in the next Congress. Captain Davis is now leading his gallant company against the invaders of his country, and does not even dream of his friends entertaining the idea of voting for him for Congress or any other civil position, at this time; but we are confident that he will arise from no responsibility to which his fellow citizens may call him. Well known and universally respected as he is, Franklin County offers her noble son to the voters of the District in full confidence of his election, on account of his own unpretending merit, and for the good of the country. Patriots, your suffrages are asked for a wise and prudent statesman, and gallant soldier.

July 1-td MANY VOTERS.

Register, Standard, and State Journal copy till election and send bills to this office.

The Citizens of Pitt County recommend to the Voters of the 2d Congressional District as a Candidate for Congress at the next election, **Major EDWARD C. YELLOWLEY**, of the 8th Reg't of North Carolina Troops. VOTERS OF THE 2D CONG. DIST.

Oct 10-6t*

We are authorized and requested to announce Dr. J. T. LEACH, of Johnston county, as a candidate for Congress in the 3d Congressional District, composed of the counties of Carteret, Craven, Jones, Onslow, Duplin, Sampson, Wayne and Johnston. Election on the 4th day of November. The soldiers vote on Thursday, the 29th of October. Oct 2-td*

We are authorized and requested to announce Hon. W. N. H. SMITH, of Hertford, as a candidate for re-election to Congress from the 1st Congressional District. Election, Wednesday, 4th day of November. Sept. 28-td

We are authorized to say that Col. BRYAN GRIMES, of Pitt County, and of 4th N. C. Troops, has consented, at the solicitation of many friends, to become a candidate for Congress in the 2nd Congressional District, composed of the Counties of Hyde, Beaufort, Pitt, Edgecombe, Halifax, Wilson, Green and Lenoir.

Sept 29-td*

Dr. EDWARD WARREN. of Chowan County, will be supported for Congress in the first Congressional District by MANY VOTERS.

Sept 29-td

We are authorised and requested to announce Hon. ROBT. R. BRIDGERS, of Edgecombe, as a candidate for re election to Congress in the 2d Congressional District, composed of the counties of Hyde, Beaufort, Pitt, Edgecombe, Halifax, Wilson, Green and Lenoir. Election, Wednesday, 4th of November.

Sept 28-td

We are authorized to announce Hon. A. H. ARRINGTON, of Nash county, a candidate for re election to Congress in this, the 5th Congressional District, composed of the counties of Orange, Wake, Granville, Warren, Franklin and Nash. Election, Wednesday 4th of November. Sept 8-td*

We are authorised by the friends of Lieut. WALTER DUNN, of Lenoir County, to announce the name of that gentleman as a candidate to represent the people of the 2nd District, in the next Confederate Congress. Aug 27-tf.

We are authorized to say that THOMAS I. FAISON has consented, at the earnest solicitations of many friends, to become a candidate for Congress in the 3rd Congressional district. Sept 7-tf

We are authorized to announce Captain JOSIAH TURNER, of Orange county, as a candidate for Congress in this, the 5th Congressional District, at the election to be held in November next. Aug 8-td

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIST OF LETTERS UNCALLED FOR IN THE POST OFFICE at Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 13th, 1863.

The postage is two cents. Call for advertised letters and give date of list.

A
Anderson, Peggy (servant)
Averitt, D T

B
Bryant, Major
Baily, W R
Burns, Thos W
Baily, Mrs Nancy
Brinkley, Wm
Bledsoe, W L
Brown, Mrs H
Bradley, Miss Winney
Bernard, Miss M E
Bashford, Jas
Bond, Capt F W
Best, Henry
Brewer, M M
Booker, Miss Mary

C
Crocker, Alonzo S
Crawley, James M
Cooper, Mrs Fannie
Cooper, Mrs Sarah

D
Dollars, Mrs Mary A

E
Enless, M A

F
Griffin, Miss Clara A

H
Huske, Maj Wright
Heitchcock, John
Holton, Lt S R
Heile, W S D
Hargrove, John
Hopper, L M
Hurnkley, John

I
Ireland, Lt J R

J
James, Joshua C

K
Kinsey, Justus
Kirk, Adam

L
Liverman, J S
Lucas, Narcissa
Long, W D

M
Mebbin, H
Mixon, Ceaborn
McMullers, Miss Mary A
Moss, Wm
Mitchell, Miccana
Morgan, Spear

P
Phillipps, Riley
Powell, Mrs H James
Parsley, Maj W M
Pace, Dempsey
Privet, Miss Rindy

R
Rouse, Oliver
Rogers, Wm T
Reddish, G

S
Sanders, Miss J A
Shimmerron, H M
Sykes, Miss Hollie
Scott, Miss Louisa
Smith, Miss Ellen
Schomwell, Mrs Fannie

V
Vincent, John C

W
Williams, J K
Williams, Geo W
Willard, J B
Watkins, Miss Millie C
Webber Saml P

GEO. T. COOKE, P. M.

Oct 14-1t

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN TO PRODUCERS OF THE 5th Congressional District that from and after the 15th inst., the Produce Tax will be received at all the depots in said District. Farmers are requested to aid the public service by promptly bringing in their Tithe, especially wheat, which is now much needed by the army. Agents are authorized to contract with millers for grinding the Tithe wheat, which means the point of delivery is brought near the producer. Corn in the ear will not be received before the 1st of November, and shelled corn not sooner than the 1st of January next.

C. B. HARRISON,
Capt. & P. Q. M. 5th Con. Dis. N. C.

Oct 14-3t
Hillsboro Recorder and Standard copy 6 times.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, ON Tuesday the 3d day of November, commencing at 9 A. M., the Stock of Goods, now on hand, consisting of Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, &c. Also, the Household and Kitchen Furniture belonging to the Estate of Nathan Kramer, deceased. Terms, Cash.

FANNIE KRAMER, Ad'm'x.
By JAMES M. TOWLES, Act.

Oct 14-2t

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

THE CANDIDATES FOR CONGRESS IN THIS District, Messrs. ARRINGTON and TURNER, will address their fellow-citizens at the places and times following:

Monday, 26th [illegible] Wake.
Tuesday, 27th " [illegible] "
Wednesday, 28th " Joy Jones', "
Thursday, 29th " Shirley's X Roads, "
Friday, 30th " Green Level, "
Saturday, 31st " Law's "

Mr. Turner will address the people of Raleigh and vicinity in the Court House on the evening of Tuesday, the 27th October. Oct 13-td

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DR. B. F. ARRINGTON.

RESPECTFULLY OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country in the practice of Operative Dentistry and treatment of the various diseases of the mouth pertaining to the Dental Structure.

Patrons given as reference. Office in Exchange Hotel, Room No. 54. Oct 13-tf